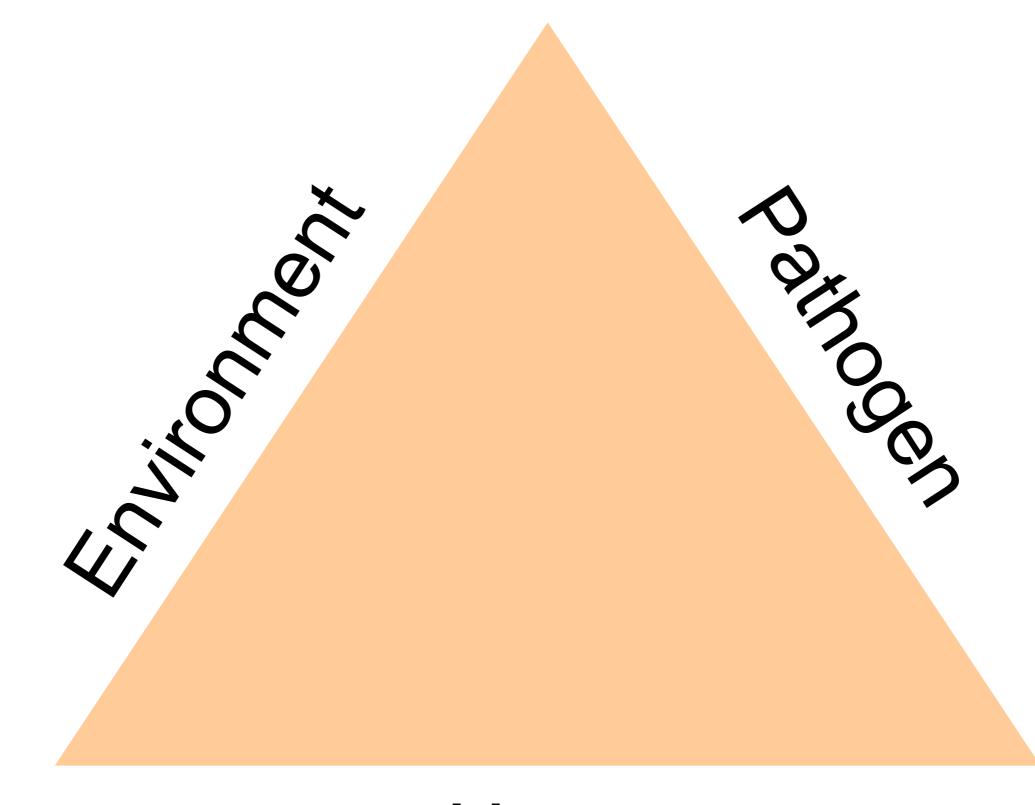
Warm & Cool Season Pest Outlook

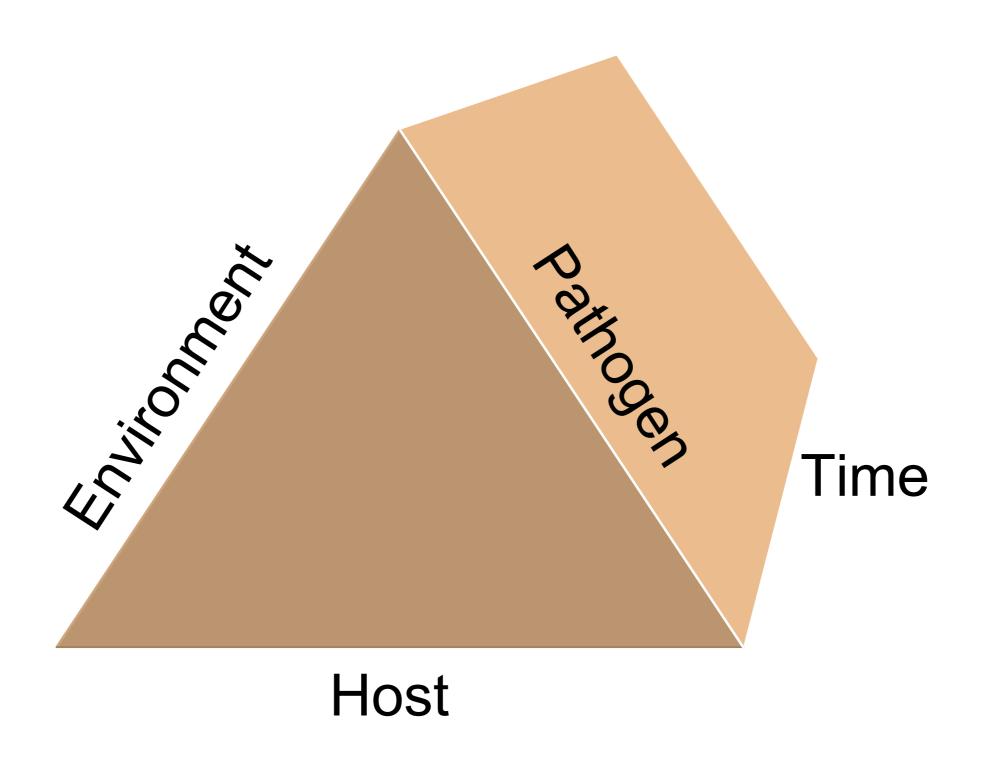
Brandon Horvath, Ph.D.
Assistant Professor
Turfgrass Pathology
University of Tennessee



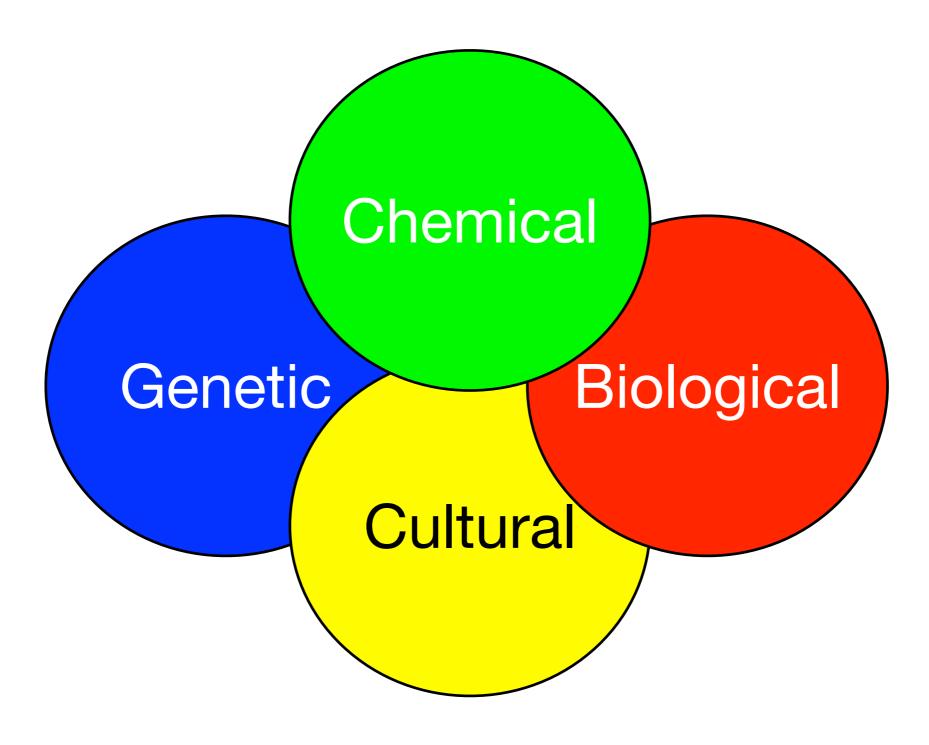


Host

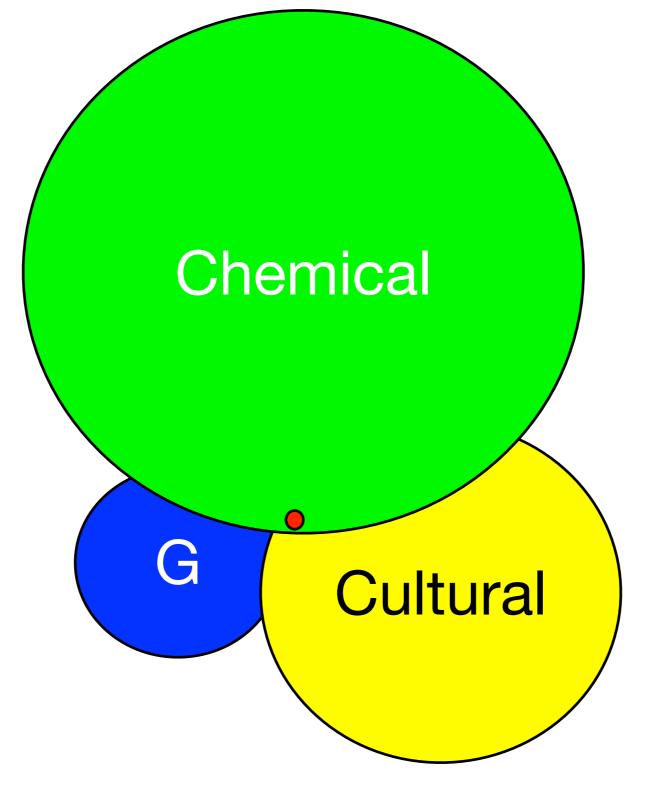
Epidemiology Matters



IPM Sounds Good in January



What Does it Look Like in June?



The foundation of all Integrated
 Turfgrass Health Management
 Programs is a sound
 understanding of your SOIL
 profile AND having a solid
 agronomic
 management program!

 Analogous to Foundation in House; Structure only as good as foundation below.

Soils & Systems

Soil Type * Site Preparation * Soil Chemistry

Agronomic Management

- The foundation of all Integrated Turfgrass Health Management Programs is a sound understanding of your SOIL profile AND having a solid agronomic management program!
 - Analogous to Foundation in House; Structure only as good as foundation below.

Fertility * Mowing * Air Flow * Irrigation * Grass Selection Thatch Management * Core Cultivation * Drainage

Soils & Systems

Soil Type * Site Preparation * Soil Chemistry

Integrated
Pest
& Disease
Management

 The foundation of all Integrated Turfgrass Health Management Programs is a sound understanding of your SOIL profile AND having a solid agronomic management program!

Agronomic Management

• Analogous to Foundation in House; Structure only as good as foundation below.

Fertility * Mowing * Air Flow * Irrigation * Grass Selection Thatch Management * Core Cultivation * Drainage

Soils & Systems

Soil Type * Site Preparation * Soil Chemistry

Integrated
Pest
& Disease
Management

 The foundation of all Integrated Turfgrass Health Management Programs is a sound understanding of your SOIL profile AND having a solid agronomic management program!

Agronomic Management

 Analogous to Foundation in House; Structure only as good as foundation below.

Fertility * Mowing * Air Flow * Irrigation * Grass Selection Thatch Management * Core Cultivation * Drainage

Soils & Systems

Soil Type * Site Preparation * Soil Chemistry

Use

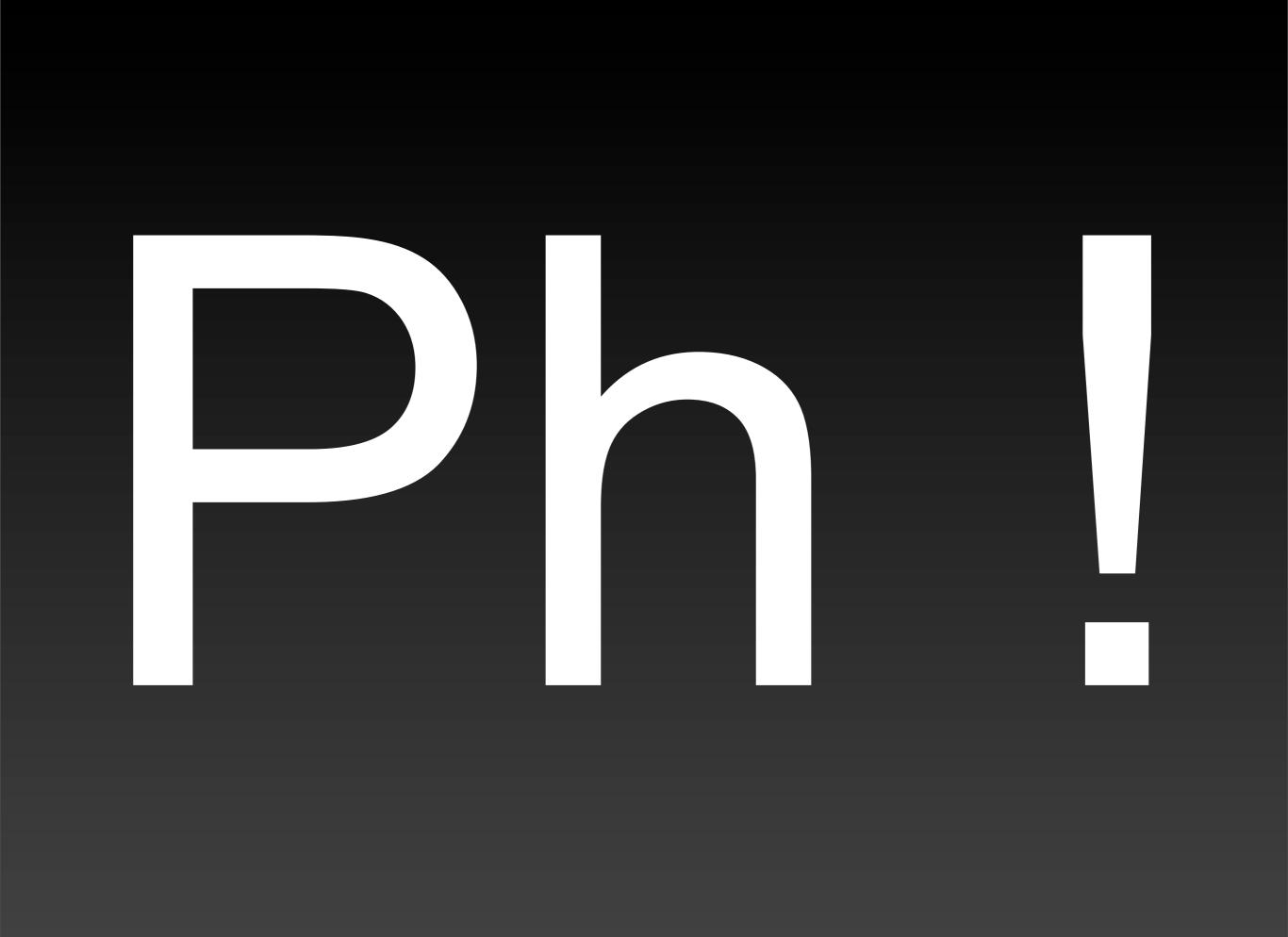
Playability

Safety



Management

- Proper N fertility
 - Esp. @ Establishment!
- Manage weakened root system
- IT IS NOT ABOUT



	Application rate (kg/ha)	Percent plot area injured	
Treatment		1984	1985
Ammonium sulfate	36.6 N	1.2 b ^z	0.0 a
Ammonium chloride	36.6 N	0.2 b	0.0 a
Urea	36.6 N	3.7 b	0.3 a
Sulfur 90G	36.6 S	4.7 b	6.0 bc
Sulfur 90G +			
ammonium sulfate	24.4 S + 24.4 N	1.2 b	3.0 ab
PMA 10L	0.3 Hg	4.7 b	1.3 ab
PMA 10L + sulfur 90G	0.3 Hg + 36.6 S	2.0 b	8.7 c
PMA 10L +			31, 3
ammonium sulfate	0.3 Hg + 36.6 N	0.3 b	1.0 ab
Untreated control	•••	10.7 a	9.0 c

^{*}Fertilizers and sulfur were applied three times on monthly intervals between October and December in 198 again in April 1983 and 1984. PMA alone or with either sulfur or ammonium sulfate was applied October at October 1984; and April 1985.

^yThatch samples were collected 26 July 1985.

² Means within a column followed by the same letter are not significantly different at P = 0.05 according t



Tuesday, June 26, 12



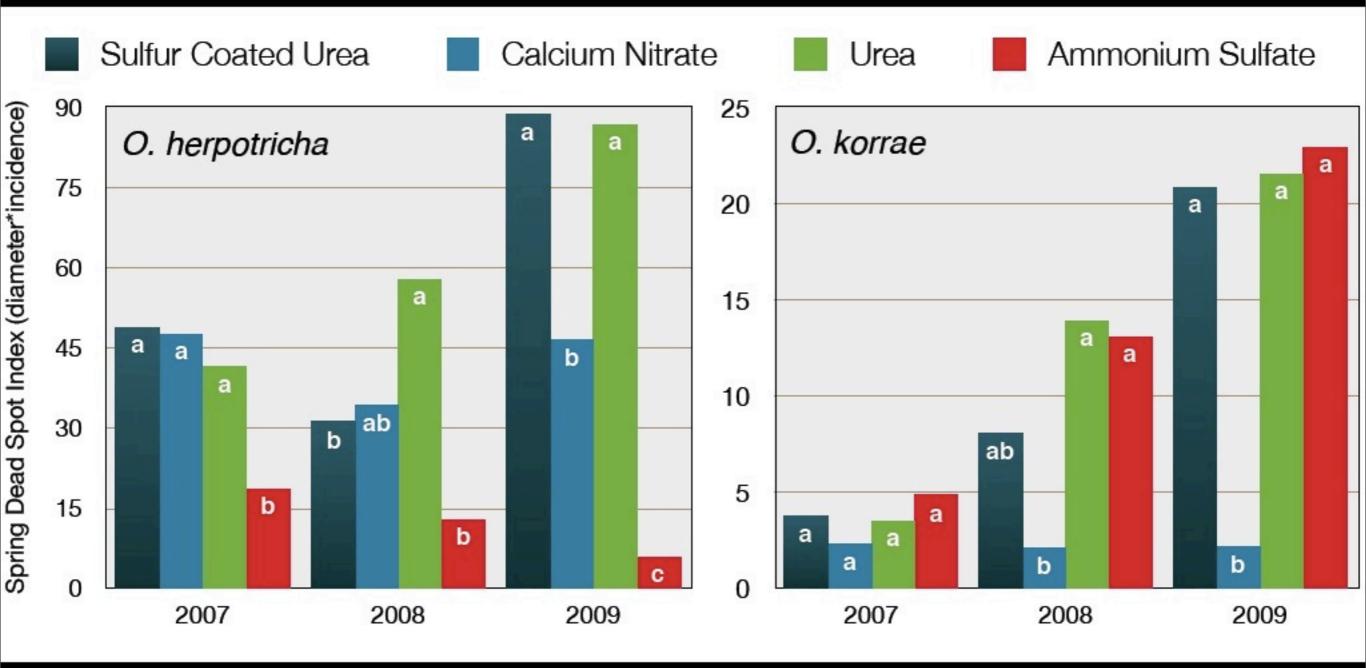
Tuesday, June 26, 12

Nitrogen on SDS



Figure 4. Response of spring dead spot caused by Ophioshpaerella korrae (left side of each plot) and O. herpotricha (right side of each plot) to nitrogen sources as observed in May 2009. Plots received A, urea; B, ammonium sulfate; and C, calcium nitrate as the sole nitrogen source in 2006, 2007, and 2008. Compared to urea, ammonium sulfate (B) provided excellent suppression of O. herpotricha but had no effect on O. korrae. In contrast, calcium nitrate (C) provided nearly complete suppression of O. korrae and only minor suppression of O. herpotricha.

Courtesy of LP Tredway

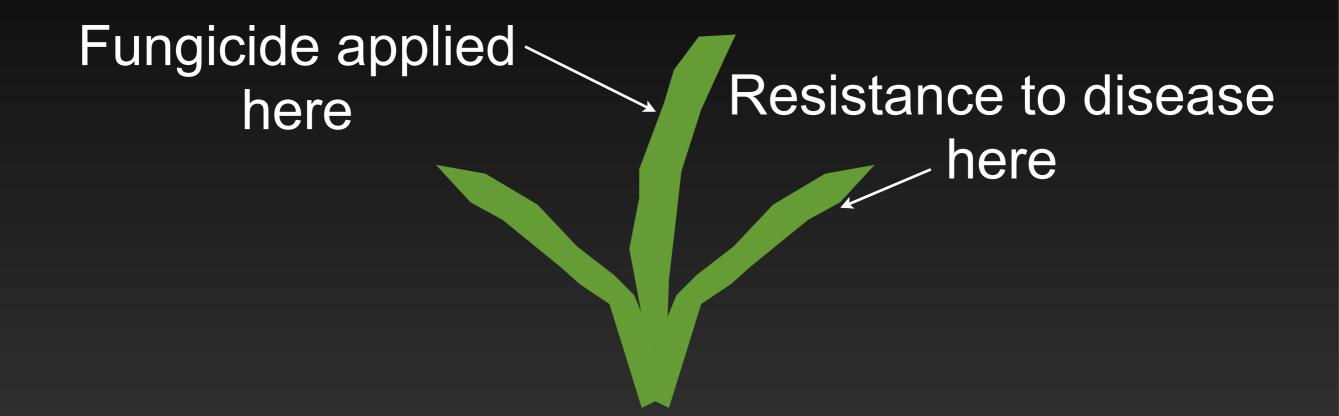


Courtesy of LP Tredway

Daconil Action

- Combination product
- Daconil and Actigard
- Actigard- acibenzolar-S-methyl
- Systemic Acquired Resistance (SAR)

SAR

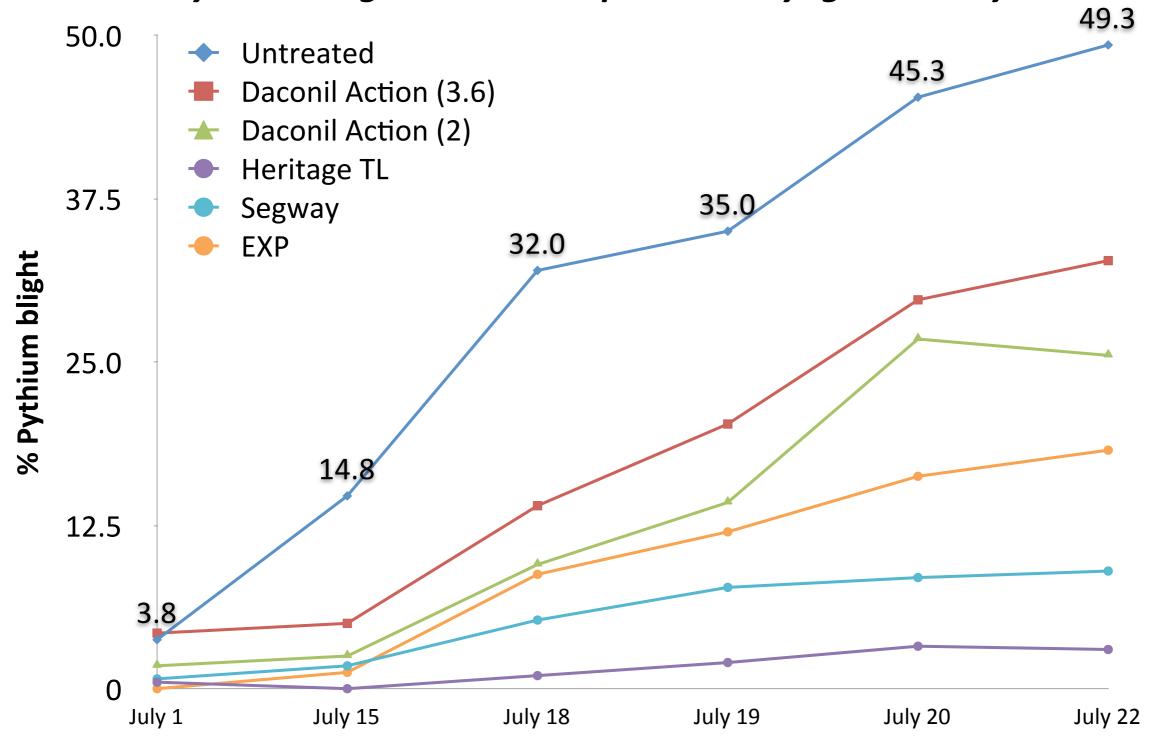


Application Notes

- Palmer IV P. rye
- 2 lbs N/1000/mo
- irrigated 1 min 4X/day
- Applications made: June 17th, July 1st, July 15th

Eν	Evaluation of Pythium blight control on 'Palmer IV' perennial ryegrass				
Treatment Name		Rate per 1,000ft2	App. Interval		
1	Untreated Control				
2	A7087	0.5 fl oz	14-day		
3	Daconil Action	3.6 fl oz	14-day		
4	Daconil Weather Stik	3.6 fl oz	14-day		
5	A14658	6.0 fl oz	14-day		
6	Heritage TL	2.0 fl oz	14-day		
7	Segway	0.75 fl oz	14-day		
8	Daconil Action	2.0 fl oz	14-day		
9	Daconil Weather Stik	2.0 fl oz	14-day		

Pythium blight control on perennial ryegrass – July 1-22







Points to Consider

- Preventative strategy is best
- Don't rely on this product alone
- Best to apply when plants are not currently under stress
- Fits early season apps of Daconil in programs

Velista

- Penthiopyrad
- New member of the SDHi class
- Similar to boscalid, flutolonil
- Much broader spectrum

Points to Consider

- Excellent new fungicide
- Broad spectrum activity
- Good for resistance management